

# Abstracts of HANARO Workshop 2003

-이용자 중심의 열린 하나로-



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## 이중 페로브스카이트 $\text{Sr}_2\text{Fe}_{1-x}\text{Cr}_x\text{MoO}_6$ ( $x=0.0, 0.1$ )의 중성자 및 뫼스바우어 연구

### NEUTRON AND MÖSSBAUER STUDIES FOR DOUBLE PEROVSKITE $\text{Sr}_2\text{Fe}_{1-x}\text{Cr}_x\text{MoO}_6$ ( $x=0.0, 0.1$ )

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#### 요 약 문

We found the structure of the  $\text{Sr}_2\text{Fe}_{0.9}\text{Cr}_{0.1}\text{MoO}_6$  to be tetragonal, with lattice constants  $a_0=5.5789$  and  $c_0=7.9129$ . The magnetoresistance magnitude ( $\Delta\rho/\rho_0$ ) was 14.9 % and 1.4 % at 77 K and 300 K, respectively, under the applied field with 1 T. The Curie temperature of the Cr doped sample ( $T_C = 415$  K) was slightly smaller than that of the pure sample ( $T_C = 425$  K). Neutron diffraction patterns of  $\text{Sr}_2\text{Fe}_{1-x}\text{Cr}_x\text{MoO}_6$  ( $x=0.0, 0.1$ ) have been taken at various temperatures ranging from 10 to 473 K. The crystal symmetry is cubic ( $Fm\bar{3}m$ ) in the paramagnetic phase (above  $T_C$ ), but changes into tetragonal ( $I4/mmm$ ) in the ferrimagnetic phase (below  $T_C$ ). Mössbauer spectra of the  $\text{Sr}_2\text{Fe}_{0.9}\text{Cr}_{0.1}\text{MoO}_6$  have been taken at various temperatures ranging from 15 to 415 K. As the temperature increased towards  $T_C$ , the Mössbauer spectra showed line broadening and 1, 6 and 3, 4 line width differences because of anisotropic hyperfine field fluctuation. The Mössbauer spectra indicated that an anisotropic field fluctuation of  $+H$  ( $P_+ = 0.85$ ) was greater than  $-H$  ( $P_- = 0.15$ ). We calculated the temperature dependence of anisotropy energy from its relaxation rate. The field fluctuation frequency factor and the anisotropy energy were calculated as  $8.2 \Gamma/h$  and  $143.52 \text{ erg/cm}^3$ , respectively, using the relatively accurate data for  $T = 260$  K that is associated with the large line broadening. We interpreted of effect of Cr ( $t_{2g}^3$ ) doping as a decrease in the anisotropy energy.