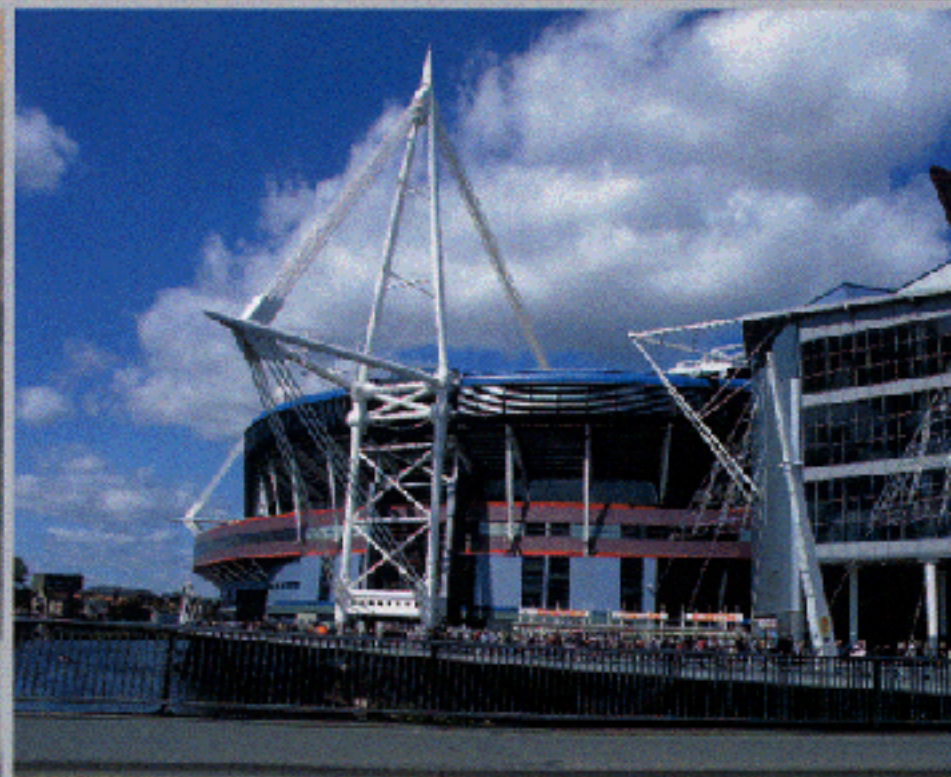




Soft Magnetic Materials Conference (SMM 18)



Book of Abstracts



2nd - 5th September 2007
Cardiff, U.K.

Organised by



Cardiff School of
Engineering



WOLFSON
CENTRE FOR MAGNETICS

MAGNETIC ORDERING IN THE FRUSTRATED SYSTEM FeSc_2S_4

Bae Soon Son*, Sam Jin Kim*, Younghun Jo**, Myung-Hwa Jung**, Bo Wha Lee*** and Chul Sung Kim*

*Department of Physics, Kookmin University, 861-1, Jeongneung-dong, Seongbuk-gu, Seoul 136-702, Korea, **Quantum Material Research Team, Korea Basic Science Institute, Daejeon 305-333, Korea, ***Department of Physics, Hankuk University of Foreign Studies, Yongin, Kyungki, 449-791, Korea

The sample of FeSc_2S_4 was prepared by solid reaction method. The crystallographic structure and the magnetic properties of the obtained compound were investigated by X-ray, and SQUID magnetometer and Mössbauer spectroscopy. The polycrystalline FeSc_2S_4 confirmed the normal cubic spinel structure (space group $Fd\bar{3}m$) with Sc occupying only B sites. The lattice constants a_0 and anion parameter u are 10.519 Å and 0.255, respectively. The Mössbauer spectroscopy has been studied for the FeSc_2S_4 at various temperatures, from 4.2 K to room temperature. The spectra consist of two doublets at 4.2 K while single line at room temperature. It is noticeable that the Mössbauer spectra of two doublet pattern with large electric quadrupole splitting (ΔE_Q) remain over the Néel temperature. Those are interpreted as result of large electric quadrupole interaction compared to magnetic dipole interaction. The magnetic susceptibility measurements were performed with a SQUID magnetometer for temperatures $2 < T < 320$ K, in external fields up to 5 kOe. Magnetic behavior shows antiferromagnetic behavior, the magnetic superexchange interactions between the Fe ions are weakly antiferromagnetic. The paramagnetic susceptibilities follow a Curie-Weiss (CW) law with CW temperature $\Theta_{\text{CW}} = -100$ K, and frustration parameter $f = \Theta_{\text{CW}}/T_N$ is of the order of 1000. We conclude that two sublattices are coupled with antiferromagnetically, strongly enforcing the frustration effects.

Address and E-mail of corresponding author:

Chul Sung Kim, Departments of Physics, Kookmin University, 861-1, Jeongneung-dong, Seongbuk-gu, Seoul 136-702, Korea, cskim@phys.kookmin.ac.kr