58TH ANNUAL CONFERENCE ON MAGNETISM AND MAGNETIC MATERIALS

4–8 November 2013 Denver, Colorado



ABSTRACTS



CX-02. Magnetic properties of Ni substituted Y-type Barium Ferrite.

M. Won¹ and C. Kim¹ I. Physics, Kookmin University, Seoul, Republic of Korea

Y-type barium hexaferrite is attractive material for various applications, such as high frequency antennas and RF devices, because of its interesting magnetic properties. Especially, Ni substituted Y-type hexaferrites have higher magnetic ordering temperature than other Y-type. We investigated the system with both macroscopic and microscopic properties such as crystalline and magnetic measurement. The single phase $Ba_2Co_{2-x}Ni_xFe_{12}O_{22}$ (x = 0, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1) samples are prepared by solid-state reaction method and studied by x-ray diffraction (XRD), vibrating sample magnetometer (VSM), Mössbauer spectroscopy, and network analyzer for antenna characteristic. The XRD pattern is analyzed by Rietveld refinement method and confirmed the hexagonal with R-3m. The hysteresis curve shows ferrimagnetic behaviors at 295 K. Both saturation magnetization (M_s) and coercivity (H_c) are decreased with Ni contents. Ni2+, which preferentially occupied the octahedral site with up spin sub-lattice, has smaller spin value S of 1 than Co^{2+} having S = 3/2. The ZFC measurement shows that Curie and spin transition temperature of the samples are found around 718 K and 210 K respectively. The Curie temperature T_c is increased with Ni contents, whilst T_s decreased with Ni. The Mössbauer spectra were measured at various temperatures and fitted by using a least-squares method with six sextet of six Lorentzian lines at below T_c . By Mössbauer spectroscopy, we confirmed the spin state of Fe ion to be Fe3+ and obtained the isomer shift, magnetic hyperfine field $(H_{\rm hf})$, and the occupancy ratio of Fe ions at six sub-lattices. Based on this, we successfully determined that temperature dependent $H_{\rm hf}$ slope around 210 K, which is good agreement with the spin transition temperature obtained from ZFC analysis. The complex permeability and permittivity are measured between 100 MHz to 8 GHz, showing that sample is promising material for antenna devices in UHF band. [1] Robert C. Pullar, Progress in Materials Science 57, 1191 (2012). [2] Y. Hiraoka, H. Nakamura, M. Soda, Y. Wakabayashi, and T. Kimura, J. Appl. Phys., 110, 033920 (2011).