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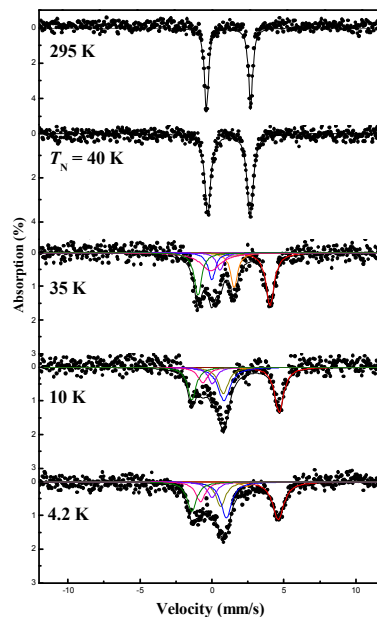
- G5-1540**    **First-principles Study of Electric Field Induced Giant Perpendicular Anisotropic Energy of Two-dimensional VS<sub>2</sub> Monolayer**  
Huei-Ru Fuh<sup>1,2</sup>, Ke-Chuan Weng<sup>3</sup>, Yeu-Chung Lin<sup>1</sup>, Tsung-Wei Huang<sup>1</sup>, Horng-Tay Jeng<sup>4</sup>, Chi-Ho Cheung<sup>1</sup>, Ming-Chien Hsu<sup>1</sup>, Ching-Ray Chang<sup>1</sup>  
<sup>1</sup>National Taiwan University, Taiwan, <sup>2</sup>Yuan Ze University, Taiwan, <sup>3</sup>Institute of Nuclear Energy Research, Taiwan, <sup>4</sup>National Tsing-Hua University, Taiwan
- G5-1641**    **Comparison and Validation of Anisotropic Magnetization Models for Grain-oriented Silicon Steel**  
 Xuan Teng<sup>1</sup>, Dong Wang<sup>1</sup>, Junquan Chen<sup>1</sup>, Yapeng Jiang<sup>1</sup>, Xiaoqin Zheng<sup>2</sup>  
<sup>1</sup>Naval University of Engineering, China, <sup>2</sup>Qingdao University, China
- G5-1649**    **Magnetism and Magnetocrystalline Anisotropy of C-substituted  $\tau$ -MnAl**  
Jin Sik Park, Sonny Rhim, Soon Cheol Hong  
 University of Ulsan, Korea
- G5-1722**    **Magnetic Anisotropy of Highly Nd<sub>3-x</sub>Bi<sub>x</sub>Fe<sub>5-y</sub>Ga<sub>y</sub>O<sub>12</sub> Studied by FMR Measurements**  
Takayuki Ishibashi<sup>1</sup>, Gengjian Lou<sup>1</sup>, Jion Yamakita<sup>1</sup>, Masami Nishikawa<sup>1</sup>, Nobuyasu Adachi<sup>2</sup>, Takeshi Kato<sup>3</sup>, Satoshi Iwata<sup>3</sup>  
<sup>1</sup>Nagaoka University of Technology, Japan, <sup>2</sup>Nagoya Institute of Technology, Japan, <sup>3</sup>Nagoya University, Japan
- G5-1744**    **Magnetic and Dielectric Properties of LiFePO<sub>4</sub> by Mössbauer Spectroscopy**  
Jae Yeon Seo, Hyunkyung Choi, Jung Tae Lim, Chul Sung Kim  
 Kookmin University, Korea
- G5-1757**    **Mössbauer Studies of LiFe<sub>1/3</sub>Mn<sub>1/3</sub>Ni<sub>1/3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> Cathode Material**  
Hyunkyung Choi, Soyeon Barn, Chul Sung Kim  
 Kookmin University, Korea
- G5-1775**    **Effect of Decomposition Process on Crystallization of Garnet Films Fabricated by Metal Organic Decomposition Method**  
Yuya Hironaka, Hina Saito, Yoshito Ashizawa, Katsuji Nakagawa  
 Nihon University, Japan
- G5-1840**    **First Principles Calculation on Magnetism and Magnetocrystalline Anisotropy of FeNi**  
Mun Bong Hong, Jin Sik Park, Sonny Rhim, Soon Cheol Hong  
 University of Ulsan, Korea
- G5-1989**    **Electronic Structures of Quasi Two-dimensional Cubic CsSnBr<sub>3</sub> Perovskite Nanoplatelets**  
WJ Fan  
 Nanyang Technological University, Singapore

## Mössbauer studies of $\text{LiFe}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{1/3}\text{Ni}_{1/3}\text{PO}_4$ cathode material

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$\text{LiMPO}_4$  ( $M$ : transition metal) cathode materials of olivine structure have been studied to exhibit specific magnetic properties due to spin orbit at low temperature. We were synthesized Mn and Ni-doped  $\text{LiFePO}_4$  sample with concentration of each 30 % molar ratio using a solid state reaction method. The sample have been characterized by means of Rietveld refinement of XRD patterns, VSM, and Mössbauer spectroscopy. The  $\text{LiFe}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{1/3}\text{Ni}_{1/3}\text{PO}_4$  sample shows that the single phase having the orthorhombic (space group:  $Pnma$ ). The lattice parameters of sample were determined to be  $a_0 = 10.3293$ ,  $b_0 = 6.0060$ , and  $c_0 = 4.6948$  Å. Temperature-dependent magnetic susceptibility curve shows the antiferromagnetic (AFM) structure with the Néel temperature ( $T_N$ ) of 40 K for  $\text{LiFe}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{1/3}\text{Ni}_{1/3}\text{PO}_4$ . The Mössbauer spectra of  $\text{LiFe}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{1/3}\text{Ni}_{1/3}\text{PO}_4$  show a distorted lines broadening below  $T_N$ . The Mössbauer spectrum at 4.2 K were composed of eight lines with measured value of hyperfine field  $H_{\text{hf}} = 118.95$  kOe, electric quadrupole splitting  $\Delta E_Q = 2.79$  mm/s, isomer shift  $\delta = 1.21$  mm/s, polar  $\vartheta = 0^\circ$ , azimuthal  $\varphi = 0^\circ$ , and asymmetric parameter  $\eta = 0.8$ . Ratio of the magnetic dipole and electric quadrupole interaction was to be 3.4, the large value of  $R$  indicates that the quadrupole interaction is larger than the magnetic dipole interaction. Also, we observed that the value of hyperfine field rapidly decreased with increasing temperature near  $T_N$ . The quenched orbital angular momentum due to strong crystalline field of the asymmetric  $\text{MO}_6$  structure has weakened the spin-orbit coupling.



**Fig. 1. Mössbauer spectra of  $\text{LiFe}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{1/3}\text{Ni}_{1/3}\text{PO}_4$  at various temperatures.**