## Tuning of the Magnetocaloric Effect in La Manganites

Il Jin Park, Chan Hyuk Rhee, Chin Mo Kim, In-Bo Shim, Chul Sung Kim and Sam Jin Kim\*

Department of Physics, Kookmin University, Seoul 136-702, Korea

(Received 4 September 2012, in final form 20 September 2012)

The crystallographic and the magnetocaloric effects of  $\text{La}_{0.7}\text{Ca}_{0.3}\text{Mn}_{0.99}^{57}\text{Fe}_{0.01}\text{O}_3$  (LCMO) powders were studied by using X-ray diffraction, vibrating sample magnetometer, and Mössbauer spectroscopy. To investigate the effect of sintering conditions on LCMO, the samples were sintered in air and in an evacuated sealed quartz tube at different temperatures. The calculated magnetic entropy changes in a magnetic field of 1.5 T for the samples sintered in air and in an evacuated sealed quartz tube were 1.6 J/kg K and 3.2 J/kg K, respectively. The magnetic entropy change increased considerably with increasing annealing temperature, but the Curie temperature  $T_c$  slightly decreased. However, the vacuum-annealed sample showed increases in both the  $T_c$  and the magnetic entropy change. The magnetocaloric effect and the working temperature of lanthanum manganites are tunable by using annealing conditions.

PACS numbers: 76.80.+y, 75.30.Gw, 76.60.Es, 75.30.Sg

Keywords: LCMO, Magneto caloric effect, Mössbauer spectroscopy, Anisotropy constant

DOI: 10.3938/jkps.61.1817