## Crystallization and Magnetic Properties of Fe<sub>84</sub>B<sub>9</sub>Nb<sub>7</sub> Amorphous Ribbons

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Abstract — The amorphous Fe<sub>84</sub>B<sub>9</sub>Nb<sub>7</sub> and its nanocrystallization have been studied by x-ray, Mössbauer spectroscopy and magnetic moment measurements. The average hyperfine field H<sub>hf</sub>(T) of the amorphous state shows a temperature dependence of

[ $H_{hf}(T) - H_{hf}(\theta)$ ] /  $H_{hf}(\theta) = -0.52$  ( $T/T_C$ )<sup>3/2</sup> - 0.34 ( $T/T_C$ )<sup>5/2</sup> for  $T/T_C$  < 0.7, indicative of spin-wave excitation. The quadrupole splitting just above the Curie temperature  $T_C$  is 0.41 mm/s, whereas the average quadrupole shift below  $T_C$  is zero. The Curie and crystallization temperatures are determined to be  $T_C$  = 330 K and  $T_x$  = 750 K, respectively, for a heating rate of 5 K/min. The occupied area of the nanocrystalline phase at the optimum annealing temperature is about 73%.