

Investigation of $\text{Ba}_2\text{Me}_2\text{Fe}_{12}\text{O}_{22}$ ($\text{M} = \text{Co}, \text{Zn}$) Hexaferrite Based on External Magnetic Field Mössbauer Spectroscopy

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Polycrystalline $\text{Ba}_2\text{Me}_2\text{Fe}_{12}\text{O}_{22}$ ($\text{Me} = \text{Co}, \text{Zn}$) samples were prepared by using a solid-state reaction method. The crystal structures of samples were determined to be rhombohedral with space group ($R\bar{3}m$). Based on the magnetic hysteresis curves up to 10 kOe at 4.2 K, we found the saturation magnetization (M_s) of $\text{Ba}_2\text{Me}_2\text{Fe}_{12}\text{O}_{22}$ ($\text{Me} = \text{Co}, \text{Zn}$) samples to be $M_s = 33.2$, and 68.6 emu/g, respectively. From the zero-field-cooled (ZFC) magnetization curves under 100 Oe between at temperatures 4.2 K and 740 K, the Curie temperature (T_C) was found to be decrease with increasing Zn contents. Zero-field Mössbauer spectra of the samples were taken at various temperatures ranging from 4.2 to 750 K. The isomer shift values of samples showed that the charge states were Fe^{3+} high spin. From the Mössbauer spectra taken at 4.2 K with external field ranging from 0 to 50 kOe, the canting angles between the external field and the hyperfine field of samples containing Co and Zn were $\varphi = 34$ and 17° , respectively.

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