



# Mössbauer and magnetic properties of $\text{Ba}_2\text{Co}_{1.7}\text{Mg}_{0.3}\text{Fe}_{12}\text{O}_{22}$

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Received: 9 July 2021 / Revised: 22 July 2021 / Accepted: 2 August 2021 / Published online: 25 August 2021  
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## Abstract

We have studied the crystal structure and magnetic properties of  $\text{Ba}_2\text{Co}_{1.7}\text{Mg}_{0.3}\text{Fe}_{12}\text{O}_{22}$  using X-ray diffraction (XRD), a vibrating sample magnetometer (VSM) and a Mössbauer spectrometer. We analyzed the XRD patterns to apply FullProof Riedvelt refinement. From the XRD analysis, we found the crystal structure of  $\text{Ba}_2\text{Co}_{1.7}\text{Mg}_{0.3}\text{Fe}_{12}\text{O}_{22}$  is hexagonal(R-3m). The temperature-dependent magnetic properties of  $\text{Ba}_2\text{Co}_{1.7}\text{Mg}_{0.3}\text{Fe}_{12}\text{O}_{22}$  were measured by a VSM. The hysteresis loops were measured at several temperatures. From the zero-field-cooled–field-cooled (ZFC–FC) experiment, the spin re-orientation temperature ( $T_s$ ) of this sample was 209 K. In the results of the Mössbauer spectrometer experiment from 4.2 to 295 K, the magnetic hyperfine fields ( $H_{\text{hf}}$ ) decreased with respect to increase in temperature. The isomer shift values were between 0.1 and 0.4 mm/s, and represented the ion states of the sample, which were the balanced  $\text{Fe}^{3+}$  state at all temperatures.  $H_{\text{hf}}$  and quadrupole splitting values showed abrupt change at 209 K, we deduced that this is occurred because of spin re-orientation.

**Keywords** Hexaferrite · Mössbauer spectroscopy · Magnetic properties